

## Week 2 Problems

1. Suppose you have  $n$  independent observations that follow a  $\text{Poisson}(\lambda)$ , so

$$Y_i \sim \text{Poisson}(\lambda) \text{ for } i = 1, 2, \dots, n$$

Using a  $\text{Gamma}(\alpha, \beta)$  prior on  $\lambda$ , find the posterior distribution for  $\lambda$ . Does this distribution have a name?

- Poisson PMF:  $p(y) = \frac{e^{-\lambda} \lambda^y}{y!}$
- Gamma PDF:  $p(y) = \frac{\beta^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha)} y^{\alpha-1} e^{-\beta y}$

$$\begin{aligned} p(\lambda|\mathbf{y}) &\propto p(\mathbf{y}|\lambda)p(\lambda) \\ &= \prod_{i=1}^n \frac{e^{-\lambda} \lambda^{y_i}}{y_i!} \times \frac{\beta^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha)} \lambda^{\alpha-1} e^{-\beta \lambda} \\ &\propto \prod_{i=1}^n e^{-\lambda} \lambda^{y_i} \times \lambda^{\alpha-1} e^{-\beta \lambda} \\ &= e^{-n\lambda - \beta \lambda} \lambda^{\sum_{i=1}^n y_i + \alpha - 1} \\ &= e^{-\lambda(n+\beta)} \lambda^{\sum_{i=1}^n y_i + \alpha - 1} \\ p(\lambda|\mathbf{y}) &\propto e^{-\lambda(n+\beta)} \lambda^{\sum_{i=1}^n y_i + \alpha - 1} \end{aligned}$$

This looks like the kernel for a Gamma distribution. Turns out the posterior is a  $\text{Gamma}(\sum_{i=1}^n y_i + \alpha, n + \beta)$  distribution.